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Incorporation of fillers in elastomeric composites: impact of the process on the thermomechanical properties

Adrien Simon, Daphn  Berthier², Marie-Pierre Deffarges¹, Mathieu Venin¹, Florian Lacroix¹, Yohan Tendron², St phane M o¹

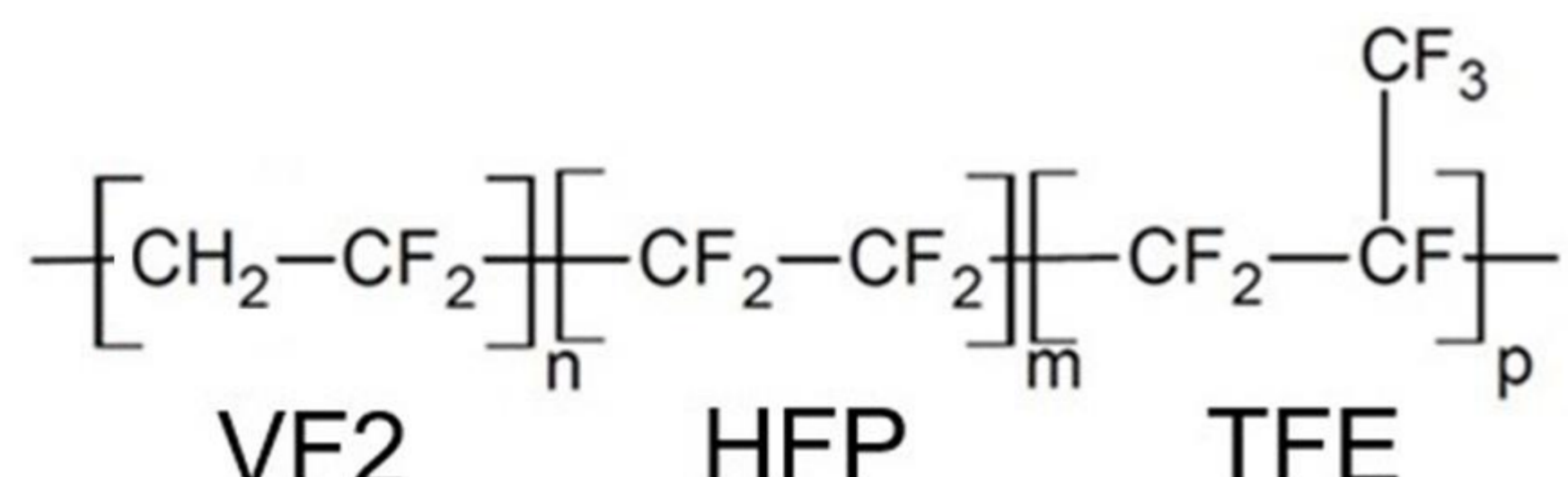
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Previous works [1] led to the development of a new formula on the basis of FKM blend reinforced with Polyhedral Oligomeric Silsesquioxanes (POSS). The main objective consists in maintaining thermomechanical properties while changing the process scale. To this end, two new specimen geometries of vulcanized rubber are studied : thin films obtained by coating at laboratory scale through masterbatch and sheets obtained through rubber mill and thermocompression.

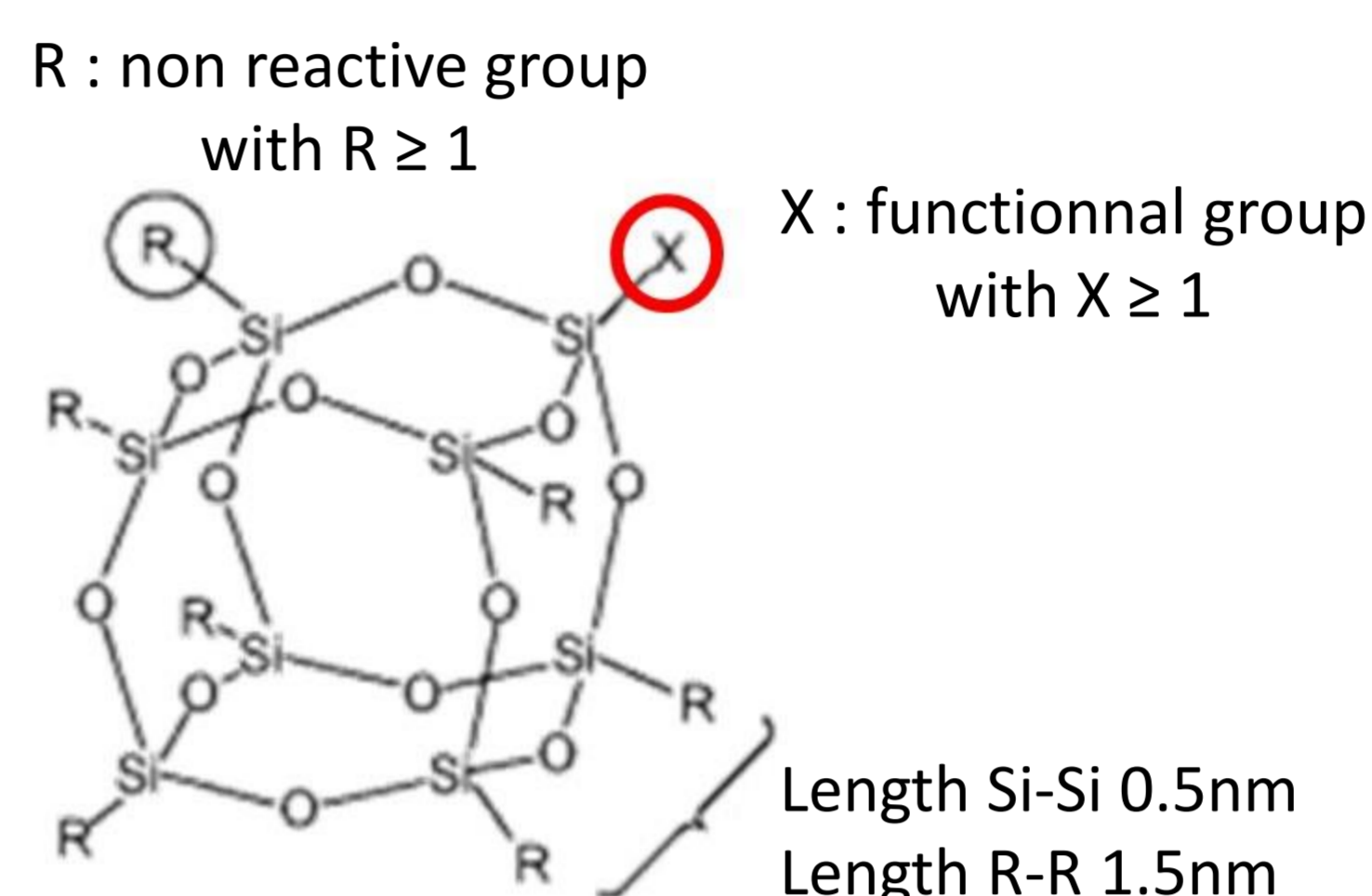
Fluorinated rubber: FKM



Formula of the terpolymer FKM

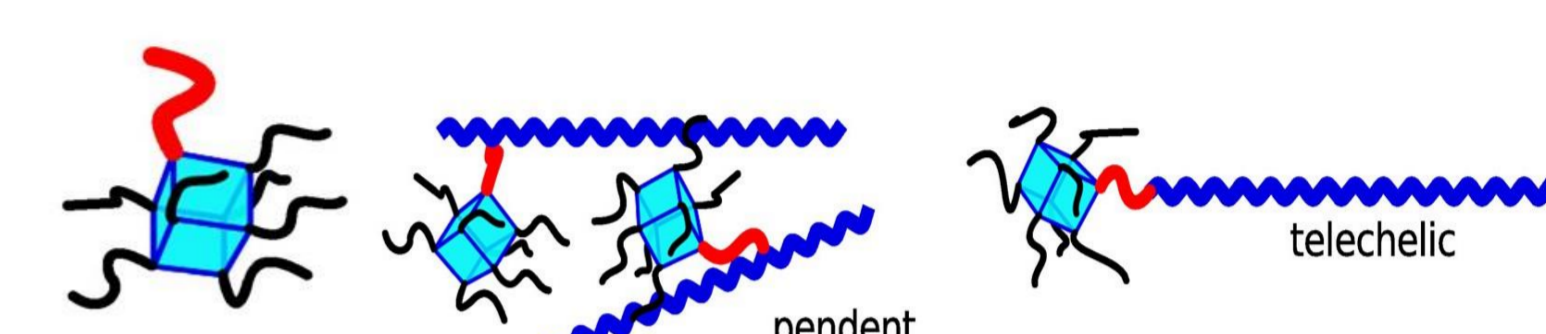
- A fourth monomer is incorporated to enhance the crosslinking action, named « Cure Site Monomer » (CSM)
- FKM exhibits good mechanical, chemical and thermal properties

Polyhedral Oligomeric Silsesquioxanes (POSS)



Chemical structure of POSS

- Smallest silica particles (1 to 3nm)
- Hybrid chemical composition
- Role of fonctionnal groups (X) : chemical interaction with polymers



Possible interactions with a POSS (X=1) [2]

Two studied processes Main parameters

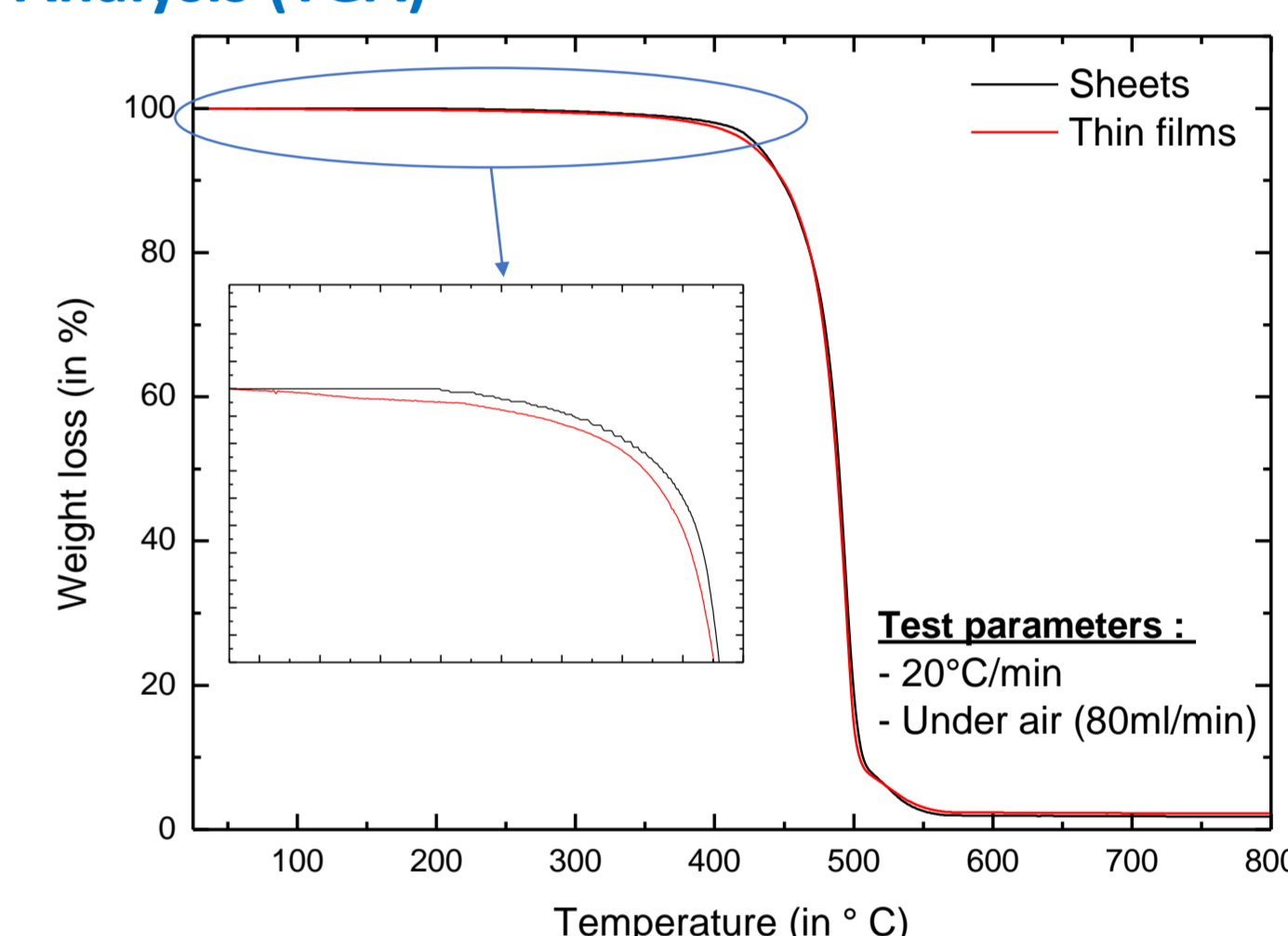
	Coating	Thermocompression
1. Mixing step		<p>Rubber mill</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Order of incorporation Rotation speed Temperature
2. Vulcanising process (Vulcanization + Post-vulcanization)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cycles (Temperature, time) Specimen volume $\approx 0,4 \text{ cm}^3$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cycles (Temperature, time, pressure) Specimen volume $\approx 40 \text{ cm}^3$
3. Specimen geometries	<p>Thin films</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dimension: Thickness : around $400 \mu\text{m}$ 	<p>Sheets</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dimension: Thickness : around 2 mm

Thermal behaviour

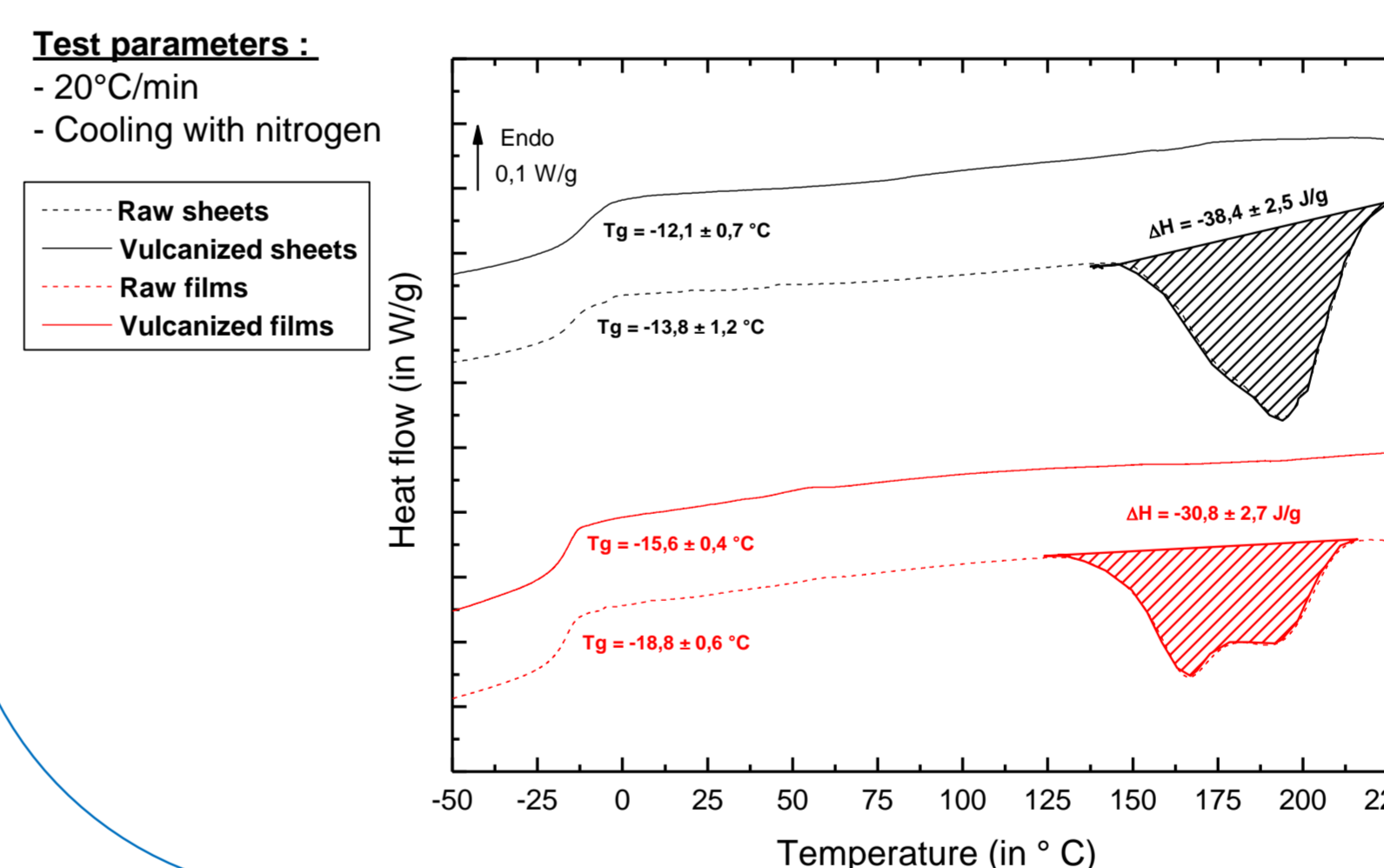
ThermoGravimetric Analysis (TGA)

- Same degradation trends
- For thin films, a slightly weight loss, is supposed to be associated to evaporation of volatile compounds (around 130°C)

$$T_{\text{degradation at 50\%}} = 488^\circ\text{C}$$



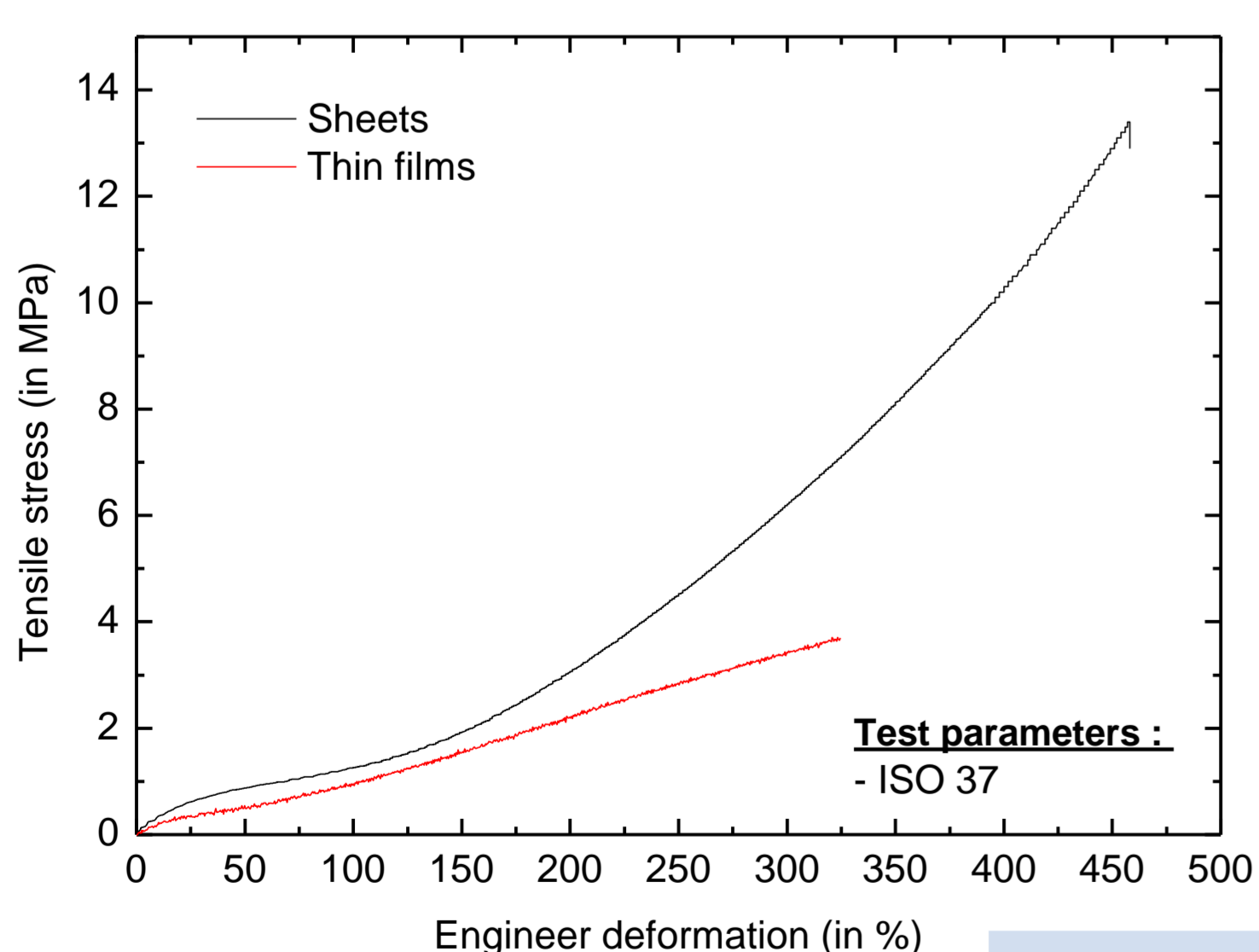
Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC)



- The glass transition (for raw and vulcanized samples), the activation temperature and the reaction area of the crosslinking reaction are higher by thermocompression than by coating

Mechanical behaviour

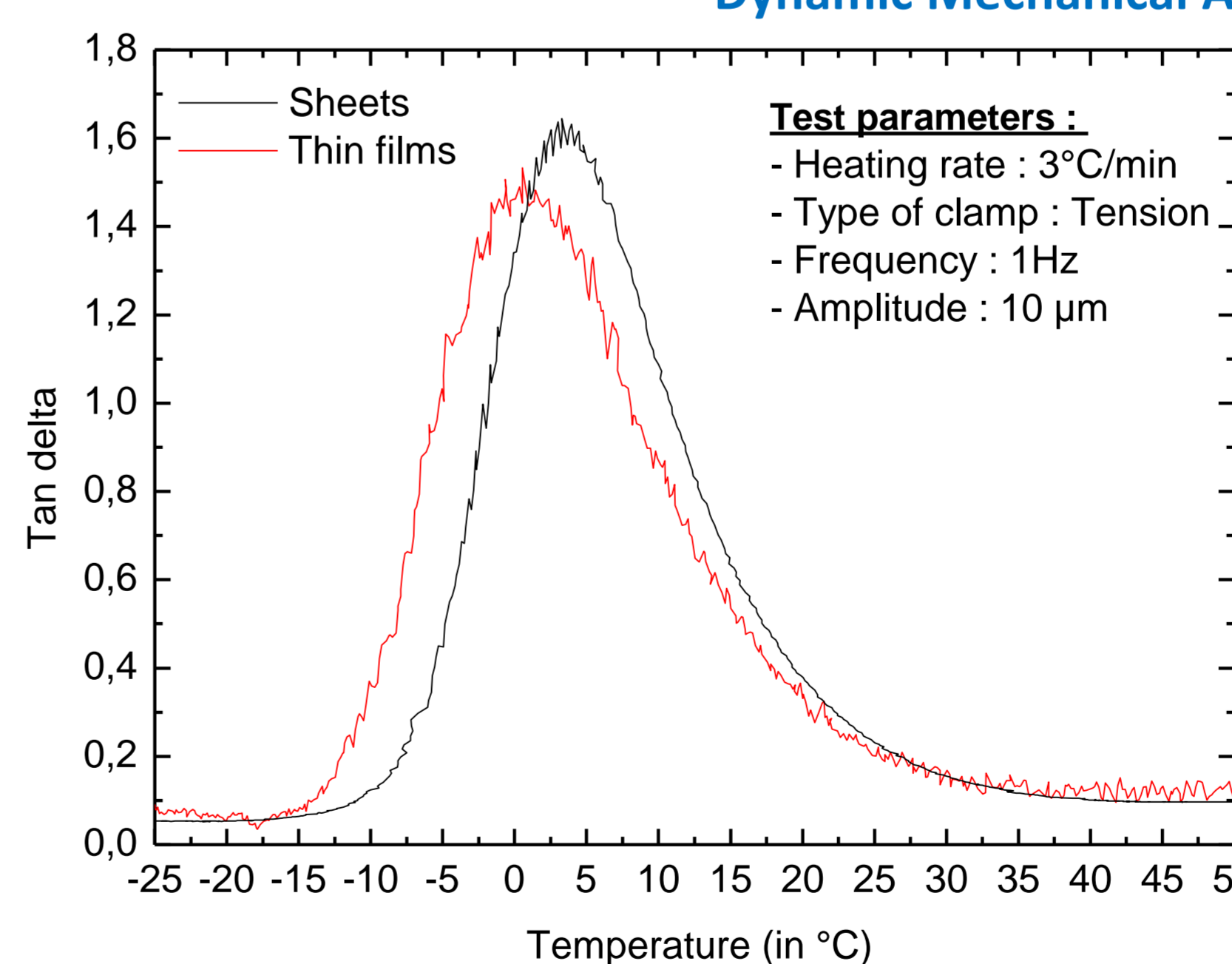
Tensile tests at 23°C



- Curve trends and failure parameters are different between thin films and sheets

	Modulus at 100% (in MPa)	Tensile at failure (in MPa)	Elongation at failure (in %)
Thin films	0.6 ± 0.05	2.4 ± 0.7	278 ± 45
Sheets	1.24 ± 0.01	11.2 ± 1.5	425 ± 30

Dynamic Mechanical Analysis (DMA)



- T_{α} : temperature at the maximum of the $\tan \delta$ in the glass transition zone

	T_{α} (in $^\circ\text{C}$) at 1 Hz
Thin films	1.4 ± 0.2
Sheets	2.7 ± 0.6

$$T_{\alpha \text{ sheet}} > T_{\alpha \text{ Thin film}}$$

Conclusions

- Impact of the process and of the specimen geometries on the macroscopic mechanical characterisation (by tensile test : underestimation of the materials properties on thin films), on the glass transition and on the cross linking reaction (on activation energy and activation temperature)
- Presence of volatile compounds in thin films but not in sheets (TGA results)
- No impact on degradation behaviour
- Thin films is a cost efficient way to provide thermal informations before sheet fabrication

Perspectives

Processes and geometries

- Impact of a new manufacturing way (tube by extrusion)
- Comparison between the three final products (thin film-sheet-tube)

Upgrade of the formula

- Incorporation of POSS with new fonctionnal groups
- Characterisation of materials after chemical and/or thermal aging

[1] D. Berthier, M-P. Deffarges, N. Berton, M. Venin, F. Lacroix, B. Schmalz, Y. Tendron, E. Pestel, F. Tran-Van, S. M o. "POSS Nanofiller-Induced Enhancement of the Thermomechanical Properties in a Fluoroelastomer Terpolymer", Materials, 11(8): 1358, 2018.

[2] K. Raftopoulos, K. Pielichowski, « Segmental dynamics in hybrid polymer/POSS nanomaterials », Prog. Polym. Sci. 52 136–187, 2016.

[3] S.-R. Tseng, H.-F. Meng, K.-C. Lee, and S.-F. Horng, "Multilayer polymer light-emitting diodes by blade coating method," Appl. Phys. Lett., vol. 93, no. 15, p. 153308, Oct. 2008.